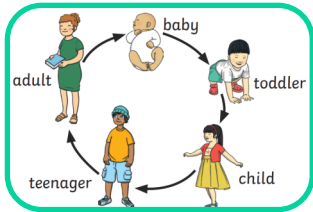
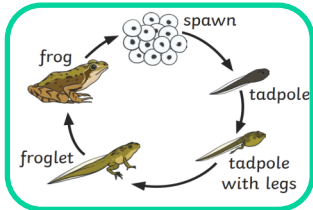


Key Knowledge

I can notice that animals have offspring which grow into adults.

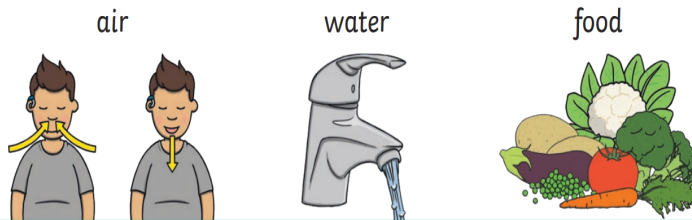


- Some animals give birth to live young. Their offspring normally look like them when they are born, e.g. cats, dogs, humans.
- Some animals lay eggs which hatch into live young. This young then develops into an adult. When these eggs hatch, some animals look like their adult e.g. birds, reptiles
- Other animals have offspring which do not look like them, e.g. fish and amphibians.



I can describe the basic needs of animals for survival.

There are 3 basic needs that all animals need to stay alive:



I can explain why it is important to stay healthy.



- To grow into a healthy adult we must
- Eat the right types of food in the right amount.
- Exercise regularly
- Drink 6-8 glasses of water and sugar-free drinks a day.
- Be hygienic and keep ourselves clean

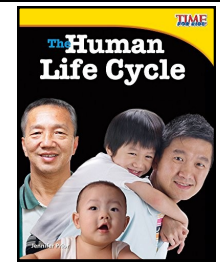
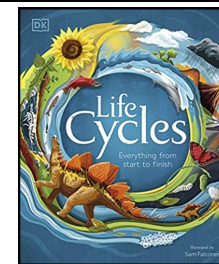
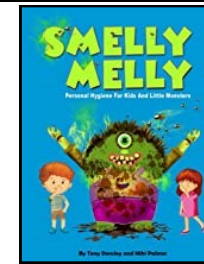
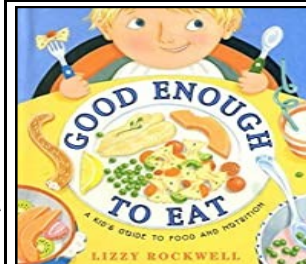
Key Vocabulary

Adult	A fully grown animal or plant.
Develop	To grow and become stronger.
Diet	The food and water that an animal needs.
Exercise	A physical activity to keep your body fit.
Hygiene	How clean something is (to stay healthy and stop disease spreading)
Live young	Offspring that has not hatched from an egg.
Nutrition	Food needed to live.
offspring	The child of an animal.
Young	Offspring that has not reached adulthood.

Working Scientifically

- We will observe eggs over time and write down what we can see.
- We will ask about what makes us healthy and design an investigation into exercise.
- We will research healthy eating and record what our classmate eat

Books, Internet Sites and Places to Visit.



Animal Life Cycles <https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/class-clips-video/science-ks1-animal-life-cycles/zrg9kmm>