

## PE at Meadows First School (Vision and Intent)

The 5 principles of our curriculum are: **Unique Child, Positive Relationships, Key Knowledge & Skills, Love of Learning, Global Citizens** We embed these 5 principles within our <u>PE Curriculum</u> as follows:





We equip children with the PE skills, vocabulary and knowledge necessary for the next stage of their learning journey. Knowledge and skills are sequential and built upon to develop progress in PE across the school. Vocabulary development plays a vital role in this We want children to be able to use PE as a physical means for communication and to use language skillfully. For example, in gymnastics children can talk about different sorts of jumps accurately, using language such as tuck, star, half turn, from Key Stage 1.

Our **theme-based**, **literature rich** curriculum embeds deep learning, ignites curiosity and broadens our children's awareness of cultural capital in PE. We use significant sporting events to inspire and enrich our PE curriculum for example the Olympics or Commonwealth Games which makes their learning relevant and interesting.

We want children to develop a thirst for learning by using memorable and purposeful learning experiences. We make sure that our staff have top quality CPD by employing coaches to deliver specialist training to our staff where appropriate.

country, to learn from other cultures, respect diversity, and appreciate what they have. We achieve this by providing a strong SMSC curriculum, with British Values and our core values placed at the heart of everything we do. This feeds into the PE curriculum- eg. We invite coaches in from local sports clubs to inspire the children to take up new sport eg. Bromsgrove Gymnastics Club across the school.

We want our children to use the vibrancy of our great

We want children to feel empowered to make a difference and affect changes as **global citizens** to their community and the world in which they live.

Love of Learning

key knowledge & skills PE



Global citizens

positive, respectful relationships. We encourage children to work together in PE, supporting and encouraging each other, as well as reflecting on and critically evaluating each other's work. We enable parents to support their children by involving them in their education and inviting them into school: eg: during Healthy School week parents are invited to join us for our annual Sports Day. There are other opportunities for parental involvement such as when Reception invite parents into school to participate in the Sports Relief Mile

The PE curriculum at Meadows supports the development of

Life in 21<sup>st</sup> Century Britain can be busy and stressful and by allowing children time to be immersed in physical activity and explore the richness of the world around them can aid wellbeing and reduce stress.

We know how to keep ourselves safe in PE, using equipment carefully and safely. We are proud of what we can achieve!

Positive Relationships Unique child At Meadows First School we can all become athletes! We develop the holistic child, acknowledging their unique needs and ensuring all children are able to access the PE curriculum. E.g. we support all of our children with a range of equipment that caters for all needs. All of our children will have the opportunity to represent their school at competitions, festivals and regattas as they progress through the school. Children use meadows Mouse to develop lifelong learning habits to be;

**Enthusiastic:** to have a go and experience a range of games and sports and to talk enthusiastically about their participation and performance.

**Determined**: We encourage a growth mindset, with high expectations, so children are proud to share and talk about their PE work.

**Focused:** We want them to have no ceiling to their achievements and to grow up physically active and informed about how to make decisions about maintaining healthy lifestyles!

**Organised:** We aim for our children to be independent and confident to use equipment safely as well as selecting the right equipment for the right piece of work.

We are proud of what we can achieve!

PE		Autumn 1	Aut	umn 2	Spri	ng 1	Spri	ng 2	Sum	mer 1	Sumi	mer 2
YN	Int	ro to PE – Unit 1	Fundamen	tals – Unit 1	Games		Dance	– Unit 1		Cs – Unit 1	Ball skill:	s – Unit 1
YR Cygnets	Int	ro to PE – Unit 2	Fundamen	tals – Unit 2	Dance -	- Unit 2	Games	– Unit 2	Gymnastio	Cs – Unit 2	Ball skills	s – Unit 2
YR Goslings	Int	ro to PE – Unit 2	Fundamen	tals – Unit 2	Dance -	- Unit 2	Games	- Unit 2	Gymnastic	CS – Unit 2	Ball skill:	s – Unit 2
Y1 Caterpillars	Ball sk	Fundamentals	Gymnastics	Sending and Receiving Games	Dance	Target Games	Invasion Games	Yoga	Athletics	Net and Wall Games	Striking and Fielding Games	Team building
Y1 Dragonflies	Gymnas	tics Ball skills	Sending and Receiving Games	Fundamentals	Invasion Games	Dance	Yoga	Target Games	Net and Wall Games	Athletics	Team building	Striking and Fielding Games
Y2 Hedgehogs	Fundame	ntals Ball skills	Invasion Games	Dance	Sending and Receiving Games	Fitness	Gymnastics	Target Games	Athletics	Team building	Net and Wall Games	Striking and Fielding Games
Y2 Owls	Invasio Game		Dance	Ball skills	Gymnastics	Target Games	Sending and Receiving Games	Fitness	Net and Wall Games	Athletics	Striking and Fielding Games	Team building
Y3 Dolphins	Gymnas	tics Ball skills	Fundamentals	Dodgeball	Netball	Dance	Fitness	Hockey	Handball	Athletics	Cricket	Tennis
Y3 Sharks	Ball sk	ills Fundamentals	Dodgeball	Gymnastics	Dance	Hockey	Netball	Fitness	Athletics	Handball	Tennis	Cricket
Y4 Jaguars	Danc	e Swimming	Basketball	Swimming	Tag rugby	Gymnastics	Football	Golf	Tennis	Athletics	OAA	Rounders
Y4 Tigers	Basket	pall Golf	Dance	Football	Tag rugby	Swimming	Gymnastics	Swimming	Athletics	Tennis	Rounders	OAA

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4
	competent and confident and access a be their agility, balance and coordination, in be able to engage in competitive (both a operative physical activities, in a range of Pupils should be taught to:  • master basic movements indicatching, as well as developing begin to apply these in a range of participate in team games, of and defending	proad range of opportunities to extend andividually and with others. They should against self and against others) and confincreasingly challenging situations.  Inding running, jumping, throwing and an against, against, and ge of activities developing simple tactics for attacking	recognise their own success.  Pupils should be taught to:  use running, jumping, throw combination  play competitive games, more badminton, basketball, cricke tennis], and apply basic print defending  develop flexibility, strength, example, through athletics a perform dances using a rang take part in outdoor and advindividually and within a teal	to link them to make actions and njoy communicating, collaborating and develop an understanding of how to and sports and learn how to evaluate and ing and catching in isolation and in diffied where appropriate [for example, et, football, hockey, netball, rounders and ciples suitable for attacking and technique, control and balance [for nd gymnastics] e of movement patterns renturous activity challenges both m
Gymnastics Skills Shapes: show contrast with my body including wide/narrow, straight/curved. Balances: explore shapes in stillness using different parts of my body. Rolls: explore rocking and rolling. Jumps: explore jumping safely.  Knowledge Shapes: understand that I can make	Gymnastics Skills Shapes: explore basic shapes straight, tuck, straddle, pike. Balances: perform balances making my body tense, stretched and curled. Rolls: explore barrel, straight and forward roll progressions. Jumps: explore shape jumps including jumping off low apparatus  Knowledge	Gymnastics Skills Shapes: explore using shapes in different gymnastic balances. Balances: remember, repeat and link combinations of gymnastic balances. Rolls: explore barrel, straight and forward roll and put into sequence work. Jumps: explore shape jumps and take off combinations.	Gymnastics Skills Shapes: explore matching and contrasting shapes. Balances: explore point and patch balances and transition smoothly into and out of them. Rolls: develop the straight, barrel, and forward roll. Jumps: develop stepping into shape jumps with control.	Gymnastics Skills Shapes: develop the range of shapes use in my sequences. Inverted movements: develop strength in bridge and shoulder stand. Balances: develop control and fluence in individual and partner balances. Rolls: develop the straight, barrel, forward and straddle roll and perform them with increased control. Jumps: develop control in performing
	Gymnastics Skills Shapes: show contrast with my body including wide/narrow, straight/curved. Balances: explore shapes in stillness using different parts of my body. Rolls: explore rocking and rolling. Jumps: explore jumping safely.  Knowledge	Pupils should develop fundamental mov competent and confident and access a betheir agility, balance and coordination, in be able to engage in competitive (both a operative physical activities, in a range of Pupils should be taught to:  • master basic movements indicatching, as well as developing begin to apply these in a range of Pupils should be taught to:  • master basic movements indicatching, as well as developing begin to apply these in a range of participate in team games, of and defending  • perform dances using simple shapes: show contrast with my body including wide/narrow, straight/curved.  Balances: explore shapes in stillness using different parts of my body.  Rolls: explore posting and rolling.  Jumps: explore jumping safely.  Knowledge	Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and cooperative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations. Pupils should be taught to:  • master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities  • participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending  • perform dances using simple movement patterns.    Gymnastics   Skills   Shapes: show contrast with my body including wide/narrow, straight/curved.   Balances: explore shapes in stillness using different parts of my body. Rolls: explore bases is stillness using different parts of my body. Rolls: explore orcking and rolling. Jumps: explore jumping safely.    Jumps: explore jumping safely.   Jumps: explore shape jumps and take off combinations.	Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and cooperative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations. Pupils should be taught to:  • master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities  • participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending  • perform dances using simple movement patterns.  • participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending  • perform dances using simple movement patterns.  • participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending  • perform dances using simple movement patterns.  • participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending  • perform dances using simple movement patterns.  • participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending  • perform dances using simple movement patterns.  • participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending  • perform dances using simple movement patterns.  • participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending  • perform dances using simple movement patterns.  • participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending  • perform dances using simple movement patterns.  • participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending and defending sequences of movement. They should continue to develop ties extend them sequences of movement. They should continue to deput to move usual sequences of movement. They should continue to deput to be sequences of movement. They should continue to deput the sequences of incre

my shapes by extending parts of my body.

Balances: know that I should be still

Rolls: know that I can change my body

**Jumps**: know that bending my knees

Strategy: know that if I hold a shape

and count to five people will see it

when holding a balance.

shape to help me to roll.

will help me to land safely.

clearly.

Balances: know that balances should be held for 5 seconds.

Rolls: know that I can use different shapes to roll.

Jumps: know that landing on the balls of my feet helps me to land with control.

**Strategy**: know that if I use a starting and finishing position, people will know when my sequence has begun and when it has ended.

## Knowleage

**Shapes**: know that some shapes link well together.

Balances: understand that squeezing my muscles helps me to balance. Rolls: understand that there are different teaching points for different rolls.

Jumps: understand that looking forward will help me to land with control.

**Strategy**: know that if I use shapes that link well together it will help my sequence to flow

**Shapes**: understand how to use body tension to make my shapes look

Balances: understand that I can make my balances look interesting by using different levels.

Rolls: understand the safety considerations when performing more difficult rolls.

Jumps: understand that I can change the take off and shape of my jumps to make them look interesting.

## Knowledge

**Shapes**: understand how shapes can be used to improve my sequence. **Inverted movements**: know that inverted movements are actions in which my hips go above my head. Balances: know how to keep myself and others safe when performing partner balances.

Rolls: understand that I can keep the shape of my roll using body tension.

				Strategy: know that if I use different levels it will help to make my sequence look interesting.	Jumps: know that I can control my landing by landing toes first, looking forwards and bending my knees. Strategy: know that if I use different directions it will help to make my sequence look interesting.
	Yoga (in Fundamentals & Gymnastics) Skills Balance: explore shapes in stillness using different parts of my body. Flexibility: explore shapes and actions to stretch my body. Strength: explore taking weight on different body parts. Mindfulness: explore my own feelings in response to an activity or task.  Knowledge Balance: know that it is easier to balance using more parts of my body than fewer parts. Flexibility: know that I can make my body longer by reaching out with my arms and legs. Strength: understand that I can hold my weight on different parts of my body. Mindfulness: understand how movement makes me feel.	Yoga Skills Balance: perform balances and poses making my body tense, stretched and curled. Flexibility: explore poses and movements that challenge my flexibility. Strength: explore strength whilst transitioning from one pose to another. Mindfulness: recognise my own feelings in response to a task or activity.  Knowledge Balance: know that if I focus on something still it will help me to balance. Flexibility: know that yoga helps to improve flexibility which we need in everyday tasks. Strength: know that I can use my strength to move slowly and with control. Mindfulness: understand that yoga can make me feel happy.			
Dance	Skills Actions: explore how my body moves. Copy basic body actions and rhythms. Dynamics: explore actions in response to music and an idea. Space: begin to explore pathways and the space around me and in relation to others. Performance: perform short phrases of movement in front of others.  Knowledge Actions: understand that I can move my body in different ways to create interesting actions. Dynamics: understand that I can change my action to show an idea.	Skills Actions: copy, remember and repeat actions to represent a theme. Create my own actions in relation to a theme. Dynamics: explore varying speeds to represent an idea. Space: explore pathways within my performance. Relationships: begin to explore actions and pathways with a partner. Performance: perform on my own and with others to an audience.  Knowledge Actions: understand that actions can be sequenced to create a dance.	Skills Actions: accurately remember, repeat and link actions to express an idea.  Dynamics: develop an understanding of dynamics.  Space: develop the use of pathways and travelling actions to include levels.  Relationships: explore working with a partner using unison, matching and mirroring.  Performance: develop the use of facial expressions in my performance.  Knowledge Actions: know that sequencing actions in a particular order will help me to tell the story of my dance.	Skills Actions: create actions in response to a stimulus individually and in groups. Dynamics: use dynamics effectively to express an idea. Space: use direction to transition between formations. Relationships: develop an understanding of formations. Performance: perform short, self-choreographed phrases showing an awareness of timing.  Knowledge Actions: understand that sharing ideas with others enables my group to work collaboratively and try ideas before	Skills Actions: respond imaginatively to a range of stimuli related to character and narrative.  Dynamics: change dynamics confidently within a performance to express changes in character.  Space: confidently use changes in level, direction and pathway.  Relationships: use action and reaction to represent an idea.  Performance: perform complex dances that communicate narrative and character well, performing clearly and fluently.  Knowledge

Sp	pace: know that if I move into space	Dynamics: understand that I can	Dynamics: understand that I can	deciding on the best actions for our	Actions: understand that some actions
it	will help to keep me and others safe.	create fast and slow actions to show	change the way I perform actions to	dance.	are better suited to a certain
Pe	Performance: know that when	an idea.	show an idea.	Dynamics: understand that all actions	character, mood or idea than others.
w	vatching others I sit quietly and clap	Space: understand that there are	Space: know that I can use different	can be performed differently to help	Dynamics: understand that some
	t the end.	different directions and pathways	directions, pathways and levels in my	to show effect.	dynamics are better suited to a certain
St	trategy: know that if I use lots of	within space.	dance.	Space: understand that I can use space	character, mood or idea than others.
	pace, it helps to make my dance look	Relationships: understand that when	Relationships: know that using counts	to help my dance to flow.	<b>Space</b> : understand that space can be
	nteresting.	dancing with a partner it is important	of 8 will help me to stay in time with	Relationships: understand that	used to express a certain character,
		to be aware of each other and keep in	my partner and the music.	'formation' means the same in dance	mood or idea.
		time.	Performance: know that using facial	as in other activities such as football,	Relationships: understand that some
		Performance: know that standing still	expressions helps to show the mood	rugby and gymnastics.	relationships are better suited to a
		at the start and at the end of the	of my dance.	Performance: understand that I can	certain character, mood or idea than
		dance lets the audience know when I	Strategy: know that if I practice my	use timing techniques such as canon	others.
		have started and when I have finished.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	and unison to create effect.	
			dance my performance will improve.		Performance: know that being aware
		Strategy: know that if I use		Strategy: know that if I show	of other performers in my group will
		exaggerated actions it helps the		sensitivity to the music, my	help us to move in time.
		audience to see them clearly.		performance will look more complete.	Strategy: know that I can select from a
					range of dance techniques to translate
		5 11 1 111	5 H 1:H	D II 1 III	my idea.
	Ball skills	Ball skills	Ball skills	Ball skills	Ball skills (in all Games)
(Invasion games, SI	<u>skills</u>	<u>Skills</u>	<u>Skills</u>	<u>Skills</u>	<u>Skills</u>
Target games, Net and	ending: explore sending an object	Sending: roll and throw with some	Sending: roll, throw and kick a ball to	Sending: send a ball with accuracy and	Sending: accurately use a range of
wall games & Striking	vith hands and feet.	accuracy towards a target.	hit a target.	increasing consistency to a target.	techniques to send a ball to a target.
	Catching: explore catching to self and	Catching: begin to catch with two	Catching: develop catching a range of	Catching: catch a range of objects with	Catching: catch different sized objects
and fielding games) w	vith a partner.	hands. Catch after a bounce.	objects with two hands. Catch with	increasing consistency.	with increasing consistency with one
Tr	racking: explore stopping a ball with	Tracking: track a ball being sent	and without a bounce.	Tracking: track a ball not sent directly.	and two hands.
ha	ands and feet.	directly.	Tracking: consistently track and collect	Dribbling: dribble a ball with hands	Tracking: consistently track a ball sent
Di	Oribbling: explore dropping and	Dribbling: explore dribbling with	a ball being sent directly.	and feet with control.	directly and indirectly.
ca	atching with two hands and moving a	hands and feet.	Dribbling: explore dribbling with		Dribbling: dribble a ball with
ba	all with feet.		hands and feet with increasing control	Knowledge	increasing control and co-ordination.
		Knowledge	on the move.	Sending: know that pointing my	
K	(nowledge	Sending: know to face my body		hand/foot/stick to my target on	Knowledge
	ending: know to look at the target	towards my target when rolling and	Knowledge	release will help me to send a ball	Sending: know that I can use a variety
	vhen sending a ball.	throwing underarm to help me to	Sending: know that stepping with	accurately.	of ways to send the ball and it may
	Catching: know to have hands out	balance.	opposite foot to throwing arm will	Catching: know to move my feet to	depend on the situation e.g. distance,
	eady to catch.	Catching: know to watch the ball as it	help me to balance.	the ball.	speed, if there is a defender.
	racking: know to watch the ball as it	comes towards me.	Catching: know to use wide fingers	Tracking: know that using a ready	Catching: know to adjust my hands to
	omes towards me and scoop it with	Tracking: know to move my feet to get	and pull the ball in to my chest to help	position will help me to react to the	the height of the ball.
	wo hands.	in the line with the ball.	to securely catch.	ball.	Tracking: know that tracking a ball is
	Oribbling: know that keeping the ball	<b>Dribbling</b> : know that moving with a	Tracking: know that it is easier to	<b>Dribbling</b> : know that dribbling is an	an important skill used in games
	lose will help with control.	ball is called dribbling.	move towards a ball to track it than	attacking skill used in games which	activities and be able to give examples
Ci	iose will help with control.	buil is culled ullibbilling.	chase it.	helps us to move towards a goal or	of this.
			<b>Dribbling</b> : know to keep my head up	away from defenders.	<b>Dribbling</b> : know that dribbling with
			when dribbling to see	away from detenders.	soft hands/touches will help me to
			space/opponents.		keep control.
1	nussian games (in Ball Skills	Invasion games	. ,	Invasion games (in Haskey)	•
_	nvasion games (in Ball Skills	Invasion games	Invasion games	Invasion games (in Hockey,	Invasion games (in Basketball,
a	ind Games)	Skills	<u>Skills</u>	Netball & Handball)	Football & Tag Rugby)
SI	<u>kills</u>	Sending & receiving: explore s&r with	Sending & receiving: developing s&r	<u>Skills</u>	<u>Skills</u>
		hands and feet to a partner.	with increased control.	Sending & receiving: explore s&r	
				Sending & receiving. Explore 3&1	

**Sending & receiving**: explore s&r with hands and feet using a variety of equipment.

**Dribbling**: explore dropping and catching with two hands and moving a ball with their feet.

**Space**: recognise their own space. **Attacking & defending**: explore changing direction and tagging games.

#### Knowledge

Sending & receiving: know to look at the target when sending a ball and watch the ball to receive it.

**Dribbling:** know that keeping the ball close will help with control.

**Space**: know that being in a space gives me room to play.

**Attacking & defending**: know that there are different roles in games.

**Tactics**: make simple decisions in response to a task.

**Rules**: know that rules help us to stay safe.

**Dribbling**: explore dribbling with hands and feet.

**Space**: recognise good space when playing games.

Attacking: explore changing direction to move away from a partner.

Defending: explore tracking and moving to stay with a partner.

## Knowledge

Sending & receiving: know to look at my partner before sending the ball. **Dribbling:** know that moving with a ball is called dribbling.

Space: understand that being in a good space helps us to pass the ball.

Attacking: know that being able to move away from a partner helps my team to pass me the ball.

**Defending**: know that staying with a partner makes it more difficult for them to receive the ball.

**Tactics**: know that tactics can help us when playing games.

**Rules**: know that rules help us to play fairly.

**Dribbling:** explore dribbling with hands and feet with increasing control on the move.

**Space**: explore moving into space away from others.

**Attacking**: developing moving into space away from defenders.

**Defending:** explore staying close to other players to try and stop them getting the ball.

## Knowledge

**Sending & receiving**: know to control the ball before sending it.

**Dribbling:** know that keeping my head up will help me to know where defenders are.

**Space**: know that moving into space away from defenders helps me to pass and receive a ball.

Attacking: know that when my team is in possession of the ball, I am an attacker and we can score.

Defending: know that when my team is not in possession of the ball, I am a defender and we need to try to get the ball. Know that standing between the ball and the attacker will help me to stop them from getting the ball.

**Tactics**: understand and apply simple tactics for attack and defence.

**Rules**: know how to score points and follow simple rules.

**Dribbling**: explore dribbling the ball abiding by the rules of the game under some pressure.

Space: develop using space as a team. Attacking: develop movement skills to lose a defender. Explore shooting actions in a range of invasion games.

**Defending**: develop tracking opponents to limit their scoring opportunities.

### Knowledge

Sending & receiving: know that pointing my hand/foot/stick to my target on release will help me to send a ball accurately.

**Dribbling:** know that dribbling is an attacking skill which helps us to move towards a goal or away from defenders.

**Space**: know that by spreading out as a team we move the defenders away from each other.

Attacking and defending: know my role as an attacker and defender.

Tactics: know that using simple tactions are supplied to the simple taction.

Tactics: know that using simple tactics will help my team to achieve an outcome e.g. we will each mark a player to help us to gain possession.

Rules: know the rules of the game and begin to apply them

**Sending & receiving**: develop passing techniques appropriate to the game with increasing success.

Catch a ball using one and two hands and receive a ball with feet/object with increasing success.

**Dribbling:** link dribbling the ball with other actions and change direction whilst dribbling with some control. **Space:** develop moving into space to

help my team.

**Attacking**: change direction to lose an opponent with some success.

**Defending**: develop defending one on one and begin to intercept.

### Knowledge

**Sending & receiving**: know that cushioning a ball will help me to control it when receiving it.

**Dribbling**: know that protecting the ball as I dribble will help me to maintain possession.

**Space**: know that moving into space will help my team keep possession and score goals.

**Attacking**: recognise when to pass and when to shoot.

**Defending**: know when to mark and when to attempt to win the ball.

Tactics: know that applying attacking tactics will help to maintain possession and score goals. Know that applying defending tactics will help to deny space, gain possession and stop goals.

**Rules**: know and understand the rules to be able to manage our own game.

# <u>Target games</u> (in Fundamentals, Games & Balls Skills)

## <u>Skills</u>

**Throwing**: explore throwing using a variety of equipment.

**Catching**: explore catching using a variety of equipment.

#### **Knowledge**

**Throwing**: know to point my hand at my target when throwing.

## Target games Skills

**Throwing overarm**: explore technique when throwing overarm towards a target.

Throwing underarm: explore technique when throwing underarm towards a target

#### Knowledge

**Throwing**: know which type of throw to use for distance and accuracy.

## Target games

## <u>Skills</u>

Throwing overarm: develop coordination and technique when throwing overarm towards a target. Throwing underarm: develop coordination and technique when throwing underarm towards a target. Striking: develop striking a ball with equipment with some consistency.

## Knowledge

## <u>Target games</u> (in Dodgeball) Skills

**Throwing**: explore throwing at a moving target.

**Catching (dodgeball)**: begin to catch whilst on the move.

## <u>Knowledge</u>

Throwing: know to throw slightly ahead of a moving target.

Catching (dodgeball): know that beginning in a ready position will help me to react to the ball.

## Target games (in Golf)

## <u>Skills</u>

**Striking**: strike a ball with increasing consistency.

#### Knowledge

**Striking**: know that using a smooth action will help to increase accuracy. **Rules**: know and understand the rules to be able to manage our own game.

Catching: know to have hands out ready to catch.  Tactics: make simple decisions in response to a task.  Rules: know that rules help us to stay safe	Know that my body position will affect the accuracy of my throw. <b>Tactics</b> : know that tactics can help us when playing games. <b>Rules</b> : know that rules help us to play fairly.	Throwing: know that stepping with opposite foot to throwing arm will help you to balance. Know that moving my arm quicker will give me more power.  Striking: know to finish with my object/hand pointing at my target.  Tactics: understand and apply simple tactics.  Rules: know how to score points and follow simple rules	Tactics: know that using simple tactics will help my team to achieve an outcome e.g. spread out so that we are harder to aim for.  Rules: know the rules of the game and begin to apply them.	
Net and wall games (in Games & Ball Skills)  Skills  Hitting: explore hitting a ball with hands and pushing with a racket.  Feeding and rallying: explore sending and tracking a ball with a partner.  Footwork: explore changing direction, running and stopping.	Net and wall games  Skills  Hitting: explore hitting a dropped ball with a racket.  Feeding: throw a ball over a net to land into the court area.  Rallying: explore sending a ball with hands and a racket.  Footwork: use the ready position to move towards a ball.	Net and wall games Skills Hitting: develop hitting a dropped ball over a net. Feeding: accurately underarm throw over a net to a partner. Rallying: explore underarm rallying with a partner catching after one bounce. Footwork: consistently use the ready	Net and wall games (in Tennis) Skills Shots: explore returning a ball using shots such as the forehand and backhand. Rallying: explore rallying using a forehand. Footwork: consistently use and return to the ready position in between shots	Net and Tennis) Skills Shots: de using sho beginning competiti Rallying: forehand technique
Knowledge Hitting: know to point my hand/object at my target when hitting a ball. Feeding and rallying: know to look at the target when sending a ball and watch the ball to receive it. Footwork: know to use big steps to run and small steps to stop. Tactics: make simple decisions in response to a task. Rules: know that rules help us to stay safe.	Knowledge Hitting: know to use the centre of the racket for control. Feeding: know to use an underarm throw to feed to a partner. Rallying: know that throwing/hitting to my partner with not too much power will help them to return the ball. Footwork: know that using a ready position will help me to move in any direction. Tactics: know that tactics can help us to be successful when playing games. Rules: know that rules help us to play fairly.	knowledge Hitting: know to watch the ball as it comes towards me to help me to prepare to hit it. Feeding: know to place enough power on a ball to let it bounce once but not too much so that my partner can't return it. Rallying: know that sending the ball towards my partner will help me to keep a rally going. Footwork: know that using a ready position helps me to react quickly and return/catch a ball. Tactics: understand that applying simple tactics makes it difficult for my opponent. Rules: know how to score points and	Knowledge Shots: know that pointing the racket face/my hand where I want the ball to go and turning my body will help me to hit accurately. Rallying: know that hitting towards my partner will help them to return the ball easier and keep the rally going. Footwork: know that moving to the middle of my court will enable me to cover the most space. Tactics: know that using simple tactics will help to achieve an outcome e.g. if we spread out, we can cover more space. Rules: know the rules of the game and begin to apply them	Footwork footwork court.  Knowled Shots: un forehand Rallying: the ball w balanced increasing Footwork in the right balance b Tactics: kt tactics wi create spudefending space, ret Rules: kn

## Striking and fielding games (in Games & Ball Skills)

## Skills

Striking: explore sending a ball to a partner.

Fielding: explore tracking and stopping a rolling ball.

Striking: explore striking a ball with their hand and equipment. Fielding: develop tracking and

retrieving a ball.

**Throwing**: explore technique when throwing over and underarm.

## Striking and fielding games Skills

follow simple rules

Striking: develop striking a ball with their hand and equipment with some consistency.

## l wall games (in

monstrate technique when ts playing co-operatively and to execute this vely.

develop rallying using both and backhand with increased

:: begin to use appropriate patterns to move around the

derstand when to play a and a backhand and why. know that moving my feet to vill help me to hit in a more position therefore the accuracy of my shot. :: know that getting my feet nt position will help me to efore playing a shot. now that applying attacking I help me to score points and ace. Know that applying tactics will help me to deny urn a ball and limit points. Rules: know and understand the rules to be able to manage our own game.

## Striking and fielding games (in Rounders)

## Skills

Striking and fielding games (in

Striking: begin to strike a bowled ball

after a bounce with different

Cricket)

equipment.

Skills

**Striking**: develop batting technique with a range of equipment. Fielding: develop bowling with some consistency, abiding by the rules of the game.

## **Striking and fielding games** Skills

Fielding: develop tracking a ball and decision making with the ball.

**Throwing and catching**: explore rolling, throwing and catching using a variety of equipment.

#### Knowledge

**Striking**: know to point my hand at my target when striking a ball.

**Fielding**: know to scoop a ball with two hands.

Throwing and catching: know to point my hand at my target when throwing. Know to have hands out ready to catch.

**Tactics**: make simple decisions in response to a task.

**Rules**: know that rules help us to stay safe.

**Catching**: develop co-ordination and technique when catching.

#### Knowledge

Striking: understand that the harder I strike, the further the ball will travel. Fielding: know that throwing the ball back is quicker than running with it. Throwing: know which type of throw to use to throw over longer distances. Catching: know to watch the ball as it comes towards me.

**Tactics**: know that tactics can help us when playing games.

**Rules**: know that rules help us to play fairly.

**Throwing**: develop co-ordination and technique when throwing over and underarm.

**Catching**: catch with two hands with some co-ordination and technique

#### Knowledge

**Striking**: understand the role of a batter. Know that striking quickly will increase the power.

Fielding: understand that there are different roles within a fielding team. Know to move towards the ball to collect it to limit a batter's points. Throwing: know that stepping with opposite foot to throwing arm will help me to balance.

**Catching:** know to use wide fingers and pull the ball in to my chest to help me to securely catch.

**Tactics**: understand and apply simple tactics for attack (batting) and defence (fielding).

**Rules**: know how to score points and follow simple rules.

**Fielding**: explore bowling to a target and fielding skills to include a twohanded pick up.

**Throwing**: use overarm and underarm throwing in game situations.

**Catching**: catch with some consistency in game situations.

#### Knowledge

**Striking**: know that striking to space away from fielders will help me to score.

**Fielding:** know to look at where a batter is before deciding what to do. Know to communicate with teammates before throwing them a ball

**Throwing**: know that overarm throwing is used for long distances and underarm throwing for shorter distances.

**Catching**: know to move my feet to the ball.

**Tactics**: know that using simple tactics will help my team to achieve an outcome e.g. we will spread out to deny space.

**Rules**: know the rules of the game and begin to apply them.

**Throwing:** use overarm and underarm throwing with increased consistency in game situations.

**Catching:** begin to catch with one and two hands with some consistency in game situations.

#### Knowledge

**Striking:** know that using the centre of the bat will provide the most control and accuracy.

**Fielding**: know that it easier to field a ball that is coming towards me rather than away so set up accordingly.

**Throwing**: understand that being balanced before throwing will help to improve the accuracy of the throw.

**Catching**: know to track the ball as it is thrown to help to improve the consistency of catching.

Tactics: know that applying attacking tactics will help to score points and avoid getting out. Know that applying defending tactics will help to deny space, get opponents out and limit points.

**Rules**: know and understand the rules to be able to manage our own game.

## FMS - Fundamental movement skills (Fundamentals, Fitness & Athletics)

## <u>Fundamentals</u>

## Skills

Running: explore running and stopping. Explore changing direction safely.

**Balancing**: explore balancing whilst stationary and on the move.

**Jumping**: begin to explore take off and landing safely.

**Hopping**: explore hopping on both feet.

**Skipping**: explore skipping as a travelling action.

## **Knowledge**

**Running:** know that I use big steps to run and small steps to stop. Know that moving into space away from others helps to keep me safe.

**Balancing**: know that I can hold my arms out to help me to balance.

## <u>Fundamentals</u>

### Skills

**Running:** explore changing direction and dodging. Discover how the body moves at different speeds.

Balancing: move with some control and balance. Explore stability and landing safely.

**Jumping**: demonstrate control in take off and landing when jumping.

**Hopping**: begin to explore hopping in different directions.

**Skipping:** show co-ordination when turning a rope. Use rhythm to jump continuously in a French rope.

#### Knowledge

Running: understand that bending my knees will help me to change direction. Understand that if I swing my arms it will help me to run faster.

## $\underline{\textbf{Fundamentals}}$

### Skills

Running: demonstrate balance when changing direction. Clearly show different speeds when running.

**Balancing**: demonstrate balance when performing movements.

**Jumping:** demonstrate jumping for distance, height and in different directions.

**Hopping:** demonstrate hopping for distance, height and in different directions.

**Skipping**: explore single and double bounce when jumping in a rope.

## **Knowledge**

Running: know that putting weight into the front of my feet helps me to stop in a balanced position. Know that running on the balls of my feet, taking

## **Fundamentals**

## Skills

Running: change direction. Show an increase and decrease in speed.

Balancing: demonstrate balance when

performing other fundamental skills. **Jumping and hopping:** link jumping and hopping actions.

**Skipping**: jump and turn a skipping rope.

## Knowledge

Running: understand that leaning slightly forwards helps to increase speed (acceleration). Leaning my body in the opposite direction to travel helps to slow down (deceleration).

Balancing: understand how balance helps us with everyday tasks.

Jumping and hopping: know that if I

jump and land in quick succession,

Jumping: know that bending my knees	Balancing: know that looking ahead	big steps and having elbows bent will	momentum will help me to jump	
will help me to land safely.	will help me to balance. Know that	help me to run faster.	further.	
Hopping: understand that i use one	landing on my feet helps me to	Balancing: understand that squeezing	Skipping: understand that I should	
foot to hop.	balance.	my muscles helps me to balance.	turn the rope from my wrists with	
Skipping: know that if I hop then step	Jumping: know that landing on the	Jumping: know that swinging my arms	wide hands to create a gap to step	
that will help me to skip.	balls of my feet helps me to land with	forwards will help me to jump further.	through.	
	control.	Hopping: know that if I look straight		
	Hopping: know that I should hop with	ahead it will stop me falling over when		
	a soft bent knee.	I land.		
	Skipping: know that I should use the	Skipping: know that I should swing		
	opposite arm to leg when I skip. Know	opposite arm to leg to help me		
	that jumping on the balls of my feet	balance when skipping without a rope.		
	helps me to keep a consistent rhythm.			
Fitness (in Fundamentals &		<u>Fitness</u>	<u>Fitness</u>	
Gymnastics)		Skills	Skills	
Skills		Agility: demonstrate improved	Agility: show balance when changing	
Agility: explore changing direction		technique when changing direction on	direction.	
safely.		the move.	Balance: explore more complex	
Balance: explore balancing whilst		Balance: demonstrate increased	activities which challenge balance.	
stationary and on the move.		balance whilst travelling along and	Co-ordination: co-ordinate my body	
Co-ordination: explore moving		over equipment.	with increased consistency in a variety	
different body parts together.		Co-ordination: perform actions with	of activities.	
Speed: explore moving and stopping		increased control when co-ordinating	Speed: explore sprinting technique.	
with control.		my body with and without equipment.	Strength: explore building strength in	
Strength: explore taking weight on		Speed: demonstrate running at	different muscle groups.	
different body parts.		different speeds.	Stamina: explore using my breath to	
Stamina: explore moving for extended		Strength: demonstrate increased	increase my ability to work for longer	
periods of time.		control in body weight exercises.	periods of time.	
periode of anner		Stamina: show an ability to work for		
Knowledge		longer periods of time.	<u>Knowledge</u>	
Agility: know that moving into space			Agility: understand how agility helps	
away from others helps to keep me		<u>Knowledge</u>	us with everyday tasks.	
safe.		Agility: know using small quick steps	Balance: understand how balance	
Balance: know that I can hold my arms		helps me to change direction.	helps us with everyday tasks.	
out to help me to balance.		Balance: understand that I can	Co-ordination: understand how co-	
Co-ordination: know that moving my		squeeze my muscles to help me to	ordination helps us with everyday	
arms and legs at the same time helps		balance.	tasks.	
me to walk, run and jump.		Co-ordination: understand that some	Speed: understand that leaning	
Speed: know that I use big steps to run		skills require me to move body parts	slightly forwards helps to increase	
and small steps to stop.		at different times such as skipping.	speed. Leaning my body in the	
Strength: understand that I can hold		<b>Speed</b> : know that I take shorter steps	opposite direction to travel helps to	
my weight on different parts of my		to jog and bigger steps to run.	slow down.	
body.		Strength: know that strength helps us	Strength: know that when completing	
Stamina: understand that moving for a		with everyday tasks such as carrying	strength activities they need to be	
long time can make me feel tired.		our school bag.	performed slowly and with control to	
		Stamina: know that I need to run	help me to stay safe.	
		slower if running for a long period of	Stamina: understand how stamina	
		time.	helps us in other life activities.	
<u>Athletics</u>	<u>Athletics</u>	<u>Athletics</u>	<u>Athletics</u>	<u>Athletics</u>
<u>Skills</u>	<u>Skills</u>	<u>Skills</u>	<u>Skills</u>	<u>Skills</u>

Running: explore running and stopping safely.

Jumping: explore jumping and hopping safely.

**Throwing**: explore throwing to a target.

#### Knowledge

**Running:** know that I use big steps to run and small steps to stop. Know that moving into space away from others helps to keep me safe.

**Jumping**: know that bending my knees will help me to land safely.

**Throwing**: understand that bigger targets are easier to hit.

**Rules**: know that rules help us to stay safe.

**Running**: explore running at different speeds.

Jumping: develop balance whilst jumping and landing. Explore hopping, jumping and leaping for distance.

Throwing: explore throwing for distance and accuracy.

#### Knowledge

Running: understand that if I swing my arms it will help me to run faster.

Jumping: know that landing on the balls of my feet helps me to land with control. Understand that if I bend my knees it will help me to jump further.

Throwing: know that stepping forward with my opposite foot to hand will help me to throw further.

**Rules**: know that rules help us to play fairly.

Running: develop the sprinting action.

Jumping: develop jumping, hopping
and skipping actions. Explore safely
jumping for distance and height.

Throwing: develop overarm throwing

### Knowledge

for distance.

Running: know that running on the balls of my feet, taking big steps and having elbows bent will help me to run faster

Jumping: know that swinging my arms forwards will help me to jump further. Throwing: know that I can throw in a straight line by pointing my throwing hand at my target as I let go of the object.

**Rules**: know how to follow simple rules when working with others.

Running: develop the sprinting technique and apply it to relay events. Jumping: develop technique when jumping for distance in a range of approaches and take off positions. Throwing: explore the technique for a pull throw.

#### Knowledge

Running: understand that leaning slightly forwards helps to increase speed. Leaning my body in the opposite direction to travel helps to slow down.

**Jumping**: know that if I jump and land in quick succession, the momentum will help me to jump further.

**Throwing**: understand that the speed of the movement helps to create power.

**Rules**: know the rules of the event and begin to apply them.

Running: develop an understanding of speed and pace in relation to distance. Develop power and speed in the sprinting technique.

**Jumping**: develop technique when jumping for distance.

Throwing: explore power and technique when throwing for distance in a pull and heave throw.

#### Knowledge

Running: understand that I need to pace myself when running further or for a long period of time. Understand that a high knee drive, pumping my arms and running on the balls of my feet gives me power.

**Jumping**: understand that transferring weight will help me to jump further.

Throwing: understand that transferring weight will help me to throw further.

**Rules**: know and understand the rules to be able to manage our own events.

#### OAA

## OAA (in Introduction and Games)

#### Skills

**Problem solving:** explore activities where I have to make my own decisions.

**Navigational skills:** explore moving in space and following a path.

**Communication**: develop confidence in expressing myself.

## **Knowledge**

**Problem solving**: make simple decisions in response to a task.

**Navigational skills:** know that moving into space away from others will help me to

stay safe. Know to leave a gap when following a path will help me to stay safe.

**Communication**: know that talking with a partner will help me to solve challenges. E.g. 'let's go to the green hoop next'.

**Reflection**: begin to identify when I am successful.

## OAA (in Team building) Skills

**Problem solving**: suggest ideas in response to a task.

**Navigational skills**: follow a path and lead others.

**Communication**: communicate simple instructions and listen to others.

## <u>Knowledge</u>

**Problem solving**: know that working collaboratively with others will help to solve challenges.

**Navigational skills:** know that deciding which way to go before starting will help me.

**Communication**: know that using short instructions will help my partner e.g. start/stop.

Reflection: identify when I am successful and make basic observations about how to improve.
Rules: know that rules help us to play fairly.

## OAA (in Team building) Skills

**Problem solving:** begin to plan and apply strategies to overcome a challenge.

**Navigational skills**: follow and create a simple diagram/map.

**Communication**: work co-operatively with a partner and a small group.

## **Knowledge**

**Problem solving:** know that listening to each other's ideas might give us an idea we hadn't thought of.

Navigational skills: understand that the map tells us what to do. Communication: know to use

encouraging words when speaking to a partner or group to help them to trust me.

**Reflection**: verbalise when I am successful and areas that I could improve.

**Rules**: know how to follow and apply simple rules.

## <u>OAA</u>

## Skills

Problem solving: plan independently and in small groups, implementing a strategy with increased success.

Navigational skills: identify key symbols on a map and follow a route.

Communication: confidently communicate ideas and listen to others.

## **Knowledge**

Problem solving: know that discussing the advantages and disadvantages of ideas will help to guide us to a conclusion about which idea to use.

Navigational skills: understand how to use a key and use the cardinal points on a map to orientate it.

**Communication**: understand that there are different types of communication and that I can communicate without talking.

**Reflection**: with increased accuracy, critically reflect on when and why I am successful at solving challenges. **Rules**: understand the importance of

	Rules: know that rules help us to stay		working with integrity.
	safe.		
Swimming & water			Beginner Swimming
safety			Skills
Salety			Strokes: can swim over a 10m distance
			with a buoyancy aid.
			Begin to use arms and legs together,
			more effectively across the water
			unaided.
			Breathing: can submerge confidently
			in the water.
			Begin to explore breathing in sync with
			my kicking action.
			Water safety: become aware of water
			safety and explore floating on my
			front and back.
			Demonstrate an awareness of water
			safety and float on my front and
			on my back.
			<u>Knowledge</u>
			Strokes: understand that using cupped
			hands will help me to swim as the
			water cannot escape between my
			fingers.
			Understand that moving my arms
			quickly will help me to pass through
			the water.
			<b>Breathing</b> : know that I need to take a
			big breath before submerging.
			Know that when I swim, I inhale
			through my mouth when my face is
			above the water and exhale through
			my mouth or nose when my face in underwater.
			water safety: understand that floating
			can help me to stay safe.
			Understand that floating uses less
			energy than swimming.
			Rules: know that walking on poolside
			helps to keep me safe.
			Know how to safely enter and exit the
			pool.
			Developing Swimming

		Skills
		Strokes: explore technique for specific
		strokes to include head above water
		breaststroke, backstroke and front
		crawl.
		Develop technique for specific strokes
		to include head above water
		breaststroke, backstroke and front
		crawl.
		Breathing: begin to explore front
		crawl breathing technique.
		Demonstrate improved breathing
		technique in front crawl
		Water safety: explore techniques for
		personal survival to include survival
		strokes such as sculling and treading
		water.
		Are comfortable with some personal
		survival techniques to include
		survival strokes such as sculling and
		treading water.
		Knowledge
		Strokes: know that lifting my hips will
		help me to stay afloat whilst
		swimming.
		Understand that keeping my legs
		together for crawl helps me to stay
		straight in the water.
		Breathing: know that turning my head
		to the side to breathe will allow me to
		swim with good technique.
		Know that breathing out with a slow
		consistent breath enables me to swim
		for longer before needing another
		breath.
		Water safety: know that treading
		water enables me to keep upright and
		in the same space.
		Know what to do if I fall in the water.
		Rules: know that the water should be
		clear of swimmers before entering.
		Understand the water safety rules.
		•
		Intermediate Swimming
		Skills
		Strokes: demonstrate increased
		technique in a range of stokes,
		swimming over a distance of 25m.

Identify my personal best in a rastrokes. Successfully select and my fastest stroke over a distance 25m.  Breathing: explore underwater breaststroke breathing technique a distance of 25m.  Demonstrate a smooth and con breathing technique in a range strokes over a distance of 25m.  Watersety: explore safety techniques to include the H.E.L. huddle positions. Perform a variety of survival techniques.  Knowledge
strokes. Successfully select and my fastest stroke over a distance 25m.  Breathing: explore underwater breaststroke breathing technique a distance of 25m.  Demonstrate a smooth and con breathing technique in a range strokes over a distance of 25m.  Water safety: explore safety techniques to include the H.E.L. huddle positions. Perform a variety of survival techniques.  Knowledge
my fastest stroke over a distance 25m.  Breathing: explore underwater breaststroke breathing technique a distance of 25m.  Demonstrate a smooth and con breathing technique is a troop of the strong o
25m.  Breathing: explore underwater breaststroke breathing technique a distance of 25m.  Demonstrate a smooth and con breathing technique in a range strokes over a distance of 25m.  Water safety: explore safety techniques to include the H.E.L. huddle positions.  Perform a variety of survival techniques.  Knowledge
Breathing: explore underwater breaststroke breathing technique a distance of 25m.  Demonstrate a smooth and con breathing technique in a range strokes over a distance of 25m.  Water safety: explore safety techniques to include the H.E.L. huddle positions.  Perform a variety of survival techniques.
breaststroke breathing technique a distance of 25m.  Demonstrate a smooth and con breathing technique in a range strokes over a distance of 25m.  Water safety explore safety techniques to include the H.E.L. huddle positions.  Perform a variety of survival techniques.
a distance of 25m. Demonstrate a smooth and con breathing technique in a range strokes over a distance of 25m. Water safety: explore safety technique in conclude the H.E.L. huddle positions. Perform a variety of survival techniques.  Knowledge
Demonstrate a smooth and conbreathing technique in a range strokes over a distance of 25m.  Water safety: explore safety techniques to include the H.E.L. huddle positions. Perform a variety of survival techniques.  Knowledge
breathing technique in a range of strokes over a distance of 25m.  Water safety: explore safety techniques to include the H.E.L. huddle positions. Perform a variety of survival techniques.  Knowledge
strokes over a distance of 25m.  Water safety: explore safety techniques to include the H.E.L. huddle positions. Perform a variety of survival techniques.  Knowledge
Water safety: explore safety techniques to include the H.E.L. huddle positions. Perform a variety of survival techniques.  Knowledge
techniques to include the H.E.L. huddle positions. Perform a variety of survival techniques.  Knowledge
huddle positions. Perform a variety of survival techniques.  Knowledge
Perform a variety of survival techniques.  Knowledge
techniques.  Knowledge
techniques.  Knowledge
Strokes: understand that pulling
harder through the water will e
me to travel the distance in few
strokes and travel faster.
Understand that making my boo
streamlined helps me to glide the
the water.
Breathing: know that breathing
three strokes helps to balance r
stroke and allows me to practise
breathing on both sides.
Understand that the more I pra-
my breathing in the water, the
my heart and lungs can work
effectively and aid my muscles v
the ability to utilise oxygen whe
swimming.
Water safety: know that a grou
people can huddle together to
conserve body heat, support ea
other and provide a larger targe
rescuers.
Know which survival technique
for the situation.
Rules: understand rules in and a
water.
Understand that different
environments have different ru
keep us safe around water.

Our knowledge organisers show the key knowledge and prior learning for each unit. They have been carefully matched to our sequences of learning for each term. Here are some examples of our KNOWLEDGE ORGANISERS in PE:













