



Unit Objective: To describe what rooms there are and are not in your home in French

Key knowledge:

- Say and write in French whether we live in a house or an apartment.
- Say what room we have and do not have at home using the key structure chez moi il y a... and chez moi in n'y a pas de/d'...
- Use the connective/conjunction et to link two sentences together.

Key Skills:

To speak and write using longer more interesting sentences, that include the key structures presented in the unit. Whether we live in a house or apartment and what rooms we have and do not have at home and learning to remember and use accurately previous language from memory alongside our new knowledge.

Key questions:

1. How do you ask the key question – where do you live in French?
2. Name three types of dwellings in French?
3. Does Pierre's house have a dining room?

Salut! Je m'appelle Pierre et j'habite à Saint-Malo en France. J'habite dans une petite maison au bord de la mer. C'est très pittoresque. Chez moi il y a une cuisine, un salon et une salle à manger. Il y a aussi une chambre et une salle de bains. Chez moi il n'y a pas de buanderie. En plus il n'y a pas de bureau.

It will help if we already know:

The letter sounds (phonics & phonemes) from phonics and pronunciation lessons 1 and 2.

- Vocabulary from the Early Learning units.
- Vocabulary from 'Je Me Présente', 'Ma Famille' and 'As-tu Un Animal' Intermediate units to be able to present ourselves, talk about our/a family and pets.

Phonics & pronunciation we will see:

Recommended phonics focus: **É E È EAU EUX**

- **E** sound in **appartement**
- **EAU** sound in **bureau**
- **Silent letters.** The 's' is not pronounced in many words like **dans, habites, mais** and **bains** the 't' is not pronounced in **et**. These two consonants are often silent when they are at the end of words.
- **Elision. J'habite.** Dropping of the last letter of a word (in this case the 'e' in **je**) and replacing it with an apostrophe. Attaching it to the word that follows which begins with a vowel or mute 'h'. This is in order to facilitate pronunciation. It is not optional in French.



Key vocabulary and phrases we will learn & revisit:

Basic personal details will be revisited including the high frequency 1st person singular verbs je suis, je m'appelle, j'ai, je suis and j'habite. Key vocabulary on 10 nouns and indefinite articles for rooms of the house will be learnt along with key structures j'habite dans and chez moi il y a ... and chez moi il n'y a pas de.. All on Vocabulary Sheet.

Activities we will complete:

The unit starts with learning how to say if we live in a house or an apartment and 10 nouns and their appropriate indefinite articles/determiners for rooms of the house via a variety of speaking, listening, reading and written tasks (using a series of gap fills, word puzzles, crosswords, word searches and true/false activities). Leading towards a final oral presentation and/or extended piece of writing detailing where I live and what there is or is not in terms of rooms, at home. Revisiting and reusing previously learnt language.

French	English
Où habites-tu?	Where do you live?
J'habite dans...	I live in...
Une maison	A house
Un appartement	An apartment
En ville	In town
À la campagne	In the countryside
À la montagne	In the mountains
Au bord de la mer	By the sea
Dans un village	In a village
Et	And
Mais	But

French	English
Une cuisine	A kitchen
Une salle à manger	A dining room
Une salle de bains	A bathroom
Une chambre	A bedroom
Une buanderie	A utility room
Un sous-sol	A basement
Un bureau	An office / a study
Un salon	A living room
Un garage	A garage
Un jardin	A garden
Chez moi il y a...	In my home there is... / there are...
Chez moi il n'y a pas de...	In my home there is not... / there are no...

Grammar we will learn & revisit:

Indefinite articles, negative & high frequency verbs.

Revisiting again the indefinite articles un and une. Revisiting also 1st person singular high frequency verbs je m'appelle, j'ai, je suis with a particular focus on j'habite from the verb HABITER a regular ER verb. Use of negative structure appropriate in this unit, 'there is' and 'there is not' (il y a and il n'y a pas de/d') structure.